



EQUALITY ANALYSIS

This Equality Analysis considers the effect of Bury Council/ Bury CCG activity on different groups protected from discrimination under the Equality Act 2010. This is to consider if there are any unintended consequences for some groups from key changes made by a public body and their contractor partners organisations and to consider if the activity will be fully effective for all protected groups. It involves using equality information and the results of engagement with protected groups and others, to manage risk and to understand the actual or potential effect of activity, including any adverse impacts on those affected by the change under consideration.

For support with completing this Equality Analysis please contact <u>corporate.core@bury.gov.uk</u> / 0161 253 6592

SECTION 1 – RESPONSIBIL	ITY AND ACCOUNTABILITY
Refer to Equality Analysis guid	ance page 4
1.1 Name of policy/ project/	Electric Vehicle Charging Infrastructure (EVCI) supplier for
decision	Local Electric Vehicle Infrastructure (LEVI) and City Region
	Sustainable Transport Settlement (CRSTS) funding
1.2 Lead for policy/ project/	Chris Horth
decision	
1.3 Committee/Board signing off	Cabinet Decision
policy/ project/ decision	
1.4 Author of Equality Analysis	Name: Chris Horth
	Role: Unit Manager – Environment Team
	Contact details: j.rossistephenson@bury.gov.uk
1.5 Date EA completed	
1.6 Quality Assurance	Name:
	Role:
	Contact detail
	Comments:
1.7 Date QA completed	08/01/25
1.8 Departmental recording	Reference:
	Date:
1.9 Next review date	

SECTION 2 – AIMS AND OUT	COMES OF POLICY / PROJECT
Refer to Equality Analysis guida	ance page 5
2.1 Detail of policy/ decision	TFGM is looking to appoint a supplier to install, operate and
being sought	maintain a network of Electric Vehicle Charging Infrastructure
	(EVCI) to support residents who do not have access to off-
	street parking.
2.2 What are the intended	Increase in EVCI in residential areas where there is little
outcomes of this?	access to off-street parking.

SECTION 3 – ESTABLISHING RELEVANCE TO EQUALITY & HUMAN RIGHTS

Refer to Equality Analysis guidance pages 5-8 and 11

Please outline the relevance of the activity/ policy to the Public Sector Equality Duty				
General Public Sector Equality Duties	Relevance (Yes/No)	Rationale behind relevance decision		
3.1 To eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation and other conduct prohibited by Equality Act 2010	Yes	This project will involve providing public Electric Vehicle Charging Infrastructure (EVCI). We need to consider how we make this infrastructure accessible to all users and how it will affect other people using the space. Without proper consideration there is a risk here that individuals may be discriminated against through a lack of equitable access to this provision.		
3.2 To advance equality of opportunity between people who share a protected characteristic and those who do not.	Yes	The provision of EVCI to more people will advance equality of opportunity in terms of access to this provision, particularly in regard to socio-economic disadvantage. However, this provision will be more expensive than if people were able to charge their vehicles using their home electricity tariff thereby still maintaining an inequality.		
3.3 To foster good relations between people who share a protected characteristic and those who do not	Νο	There is no relevance in relation to community cohesion here.		
3.4 Please outline the considerations taken, including any mitigations, to ensure activity is not detrimental to the Human Rights of any individual affected by the decision being sought.				
The proposal does not have a negative the FREDA principles.	ative implication	in relation to Human Rights with reference to		

SECTION 4 – EQUALI	TIES DATA				
Refer to Equality Analysis guidance page 8					
Protected characteristic	Outcome sought	Base data	Data gaps (to include in Section 8		
			log)		
4.1 Age	Equality of access	There is data on the	We will work with the		
4.2 Disability	Ensure access and equipment is accessible	number of electric vehicles registered	successful supplier to engage with the		
4.3 Gender	Equality of access	to Bury and the	network users and		
4.4 Pregnancy or	Equality of access	number of publicly members to gather			
Maternity		available charging	information on		
4.5 Race	Equality of access	points in Bury, but	demographics which		
4.6 Religion and belief	Equality of access	there is no data on	will enable us to		
4.7 Sexual Orientation	Equality of access	the demographics of	maximise equity of		
4.8 Marriage or Civil	Equality of access	users.	access.		
Partnership					
4.9 Gender	Equality of access				
Reassignment					
4.10 Carers	Equality of access				

4.11 Looked Children and Leavers	Equality of access
4.12 Armed personnel ir veterans	 Equality of access
4.13 Socio-	Equality of access
economic vulnerable	As far as possible ensure prices are fair and low.

	HOLDERS AND ENGAGEMENT	
	Internal Stakeholders	External Stakeholders
5.1 Identify stakeholders	Members, other departments	Residents/Businesses
5.2 Engagement undertaken	EVCI working group established. Approval sought from Cabinet	Once a supplier has been appointed and locations have been agreed we will consult local residents as well as equality-based community groups in Bury.
5.3 Outcomes of engagement		Consultation will help to ensure that we have considered diverse needs for accessing the infrastructure.
5.4 Outstanding actions following engagement (include in Section 8 log)	N/A	Ensure consultation outcomes inform the detail of how and where the new provision is deployed.

SECTION 6 – CONCLUSION OF IMPACT

Refer to Equality Analysis guidance page 9

Please outline whether the activity/ policy has a positive or negative effect on any groups of people with protected inclusion characteristics

Protected Characteristic	Positive/ Neutral Negative/	Impact (include reference to data/ engagement)
6.1 Age	Neutral	
6.2 Disability	Neutral	The Council intends to avoid where possible putting infrastructure on footpaths, which will avoid having a detrimental impact on footpath users. If disability is taken into consideration in the planning and design, there should be no negative impacts.
6.3 Gender	Neutral	
6.4 Pregnancy or Maternity	Neutral	

6.5 Race	Neutral	Language diversity will be taken into consideration in all	
	neuliai	engagement and communication to increase accessibility to all.	
6.6 Religion and belief	Neutral	We will work with the supplier to maximise the range of payment methods to take account of different religious beliefs in relation to payment.	
6.7 Sexual Orientation	Neutral		
6.8 Marriage or Civil Partnership	Neutral		
6.9 Gender Reassignment	Neutral		
6.10 Carers	Neutral		
6.11 Looked After Children and Care Leavers	Neutral		
6.12 Armed Forces personnel including veterans	Neutral		
6.13 Socio-economically vulnerable	Positive/N egative	There will be an increase in publicly available charging infrastructure, which will make it easier for those who do not have off-street parking to charge an electric vehicle. However, as those who have access to off-street parking can get cheaper tariffs to charge their electric vehicle, this leaves an issue for those who have to rely on public charging infrastructure.	
6.14 Overall impact - What will the likely overall effect of your activity be on equality, including consideration on intersectionality?	There is a mitigated in 1899:2022 i Where poss diversity is project. We will also methods are By increasi equality of a who don't c However, if expensive to their homes inequality as their vehicle reliant on pu The only w subsidise th all to assoc back-office Be.EV netw if you are a home tariffs (energyguid	leaves an issue for those who have to rely on public charging infrastructure. The is no significant impact on equality diversity and inclusion. potential impact on those with disabilities, which can be the design of the infrastructure ensuring where possible PAS is followed. Sible we will work with the supplier to ensure that language considered with any communications associated with the o work with the supplier to ensure a wide range of payment e available, ing the amount of publicly available EVCI it will increase access as it will increase the available charging points to those urrently have anywhere to charge vehicles at their home. It is important to note that public infrastructure is more o use than private infrastructure that people have installed at a, therefore this has the potential to increase socio-economic s those who have private drives next to their houses can refuel es for a cheaper price compared to those people who are ublic charging infrastructure. Way the Council could remove this inequality would be to the tariff for public infrastructure. This would include the cost of ciated costs of running the network including, software costs, costs, maintenance, communications etc. For reference the vork of public EVCI currently charges £0.49/kWh (£0.46/kWh member), which is compared to an average of £0.34/kWh for a (Average Cost of Electricity Per kWh (UK 2023 Updated)) le.org.uk)). This suggests the Council would have to subsidise on of 13-15p/kWh, which would not be sustainable with the	

potential equality issue here and would disincentivise the Council to
increase the network.
This is a wider issue than just this project, but to mitigate this, the Council
will be looking to secure the cheapest tariff possible and is also involved
in a wider project of work with TfGM and the Greater Manchester
Combined Authority to improve public transport and active travel
infrastructure as well as introducing shared mobility such as car clubs, to
help to remove the need to own a private vehicle.

SECTION 7 – ACTION LO	G		
Refer to Equality Analysis	guidance	page 10	
Action Identified	Lead	Due Date	Comments and Sign off (when complete)
7.1 Actions to address gaps in		section 4	
Ensure the supplier carries out regular engagement	СН	1 year into contract	
with customer base to			
assess equality of access.			
7.2 Actions to address gaps in		section 5	
Consultation with local	СН	Ongoing	
residents for each suggested location.			
Include equality-based	СН	Ongoing	
community groups in the		5 5	
consultations			
7.3 Mitigations to address neg			in section 6
Ensure that EVCI is installed in line with British Standard PAS 1899:2022 'Electric Vehicles – Accessible charging –	СН	Ongoing	
Specification.'			
Consider language diversity as part of the roll-out process	СН	Ongoing	
Maximise the range of payment methods available	СН	Ongoing	
Make sure tariff price is assessed as part of the procurement evaluation.	СН	Ongoing	
7.4 Opportunities to further in opportunities and engagement	•	• •	ity, and human rights) including to advance
	10 001033		
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SECTION 8 - REVIEW					
Refer to Equality Ana	alysis gui	dance page 10			
Review Milestone	Lead	Due Date	Comments (and sign off when complete)		
	СН	Contract Award			
	СН	6 months after			
		contract award			

CH	12 months after	
	contract award	

Please make sure that every section of the Equality Analysis has been fully completed. The author of the EA should then seek Quality Assurance sign off and departmental recording.

SECTION 9 – QUALITY ASSURANCE		
Refer to Equality Analysis guidance page x		
Consideration	Yes/ No	Rationale and details of further actions required
Have all section been completed fully?	Y	
Has the duty to eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment, victimization and other conducted prohibited by the PSED and Equalities Act been considered and acted upon?	Y	
Has the duty to advance equality of opportunity between people who share a protected characteristic and those who do not been considered and acted upon	Y	
Has the duty to foster good relations between people who share a protected characteristic and those who do not, been consider and acted upon	Y	
Has the action log fully detailed any required activity to address gaps in data, insight and/or engagement in relation to inclusion impact?	Y	
Have clear and robust reviewing arrangements been set out?	Y	
Are there any further comments to be made in relation to this EA	Y	